



CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine months ended 30th September 2021



CONTENTS OF THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	1
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME	2
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	3
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	4
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	5
1. Incorporation and registration	6
2. Basis of preparation	6
3. Fee and commission income	8
4. Foreign exchange income	8
5. Trading income / (loss)	8
6. Other income	9
7. Investment securities	9
8. Loans and advances	10
9. Reserves	11
10. Derivatives and foreign exchange instruments	12
11. Credit-related financial instruments	12
12. Fair value of financial instruments	13
13. Segmental information	15
14. Related party transactions	16
15. Liquidity and capital adequacy ratios	17
16. Subsequent events	17
17. Comparatives	17
Supplementary information	18

REPORT ON REVIEW OF CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF GULF INTERNATIONAL BANK B.S.C.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Gulf International Bank B.S.C. (the “Bank”) and its subsidiaries (together the “Group”) as at 30 September 2021, comprising the interim consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 September 2021 and the related interim consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income for the three-month and nine-month periods then ended, the interim consolidated statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the nine-month period ended and explanatory notes. The Bank’s Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* (IAS 34) as modified by the Central Bank of Bahrain (“the CBB”). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these condensed interim consolidated financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, *Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity*. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Consequently, it does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed interim consolidated financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34, as modified by the CBB.




10 November 2021
Manama, Kingdom of Bahrain

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

	Note	30.9.21 US\$ millions	31.12.20 US\$ millions
ASSETS			
Cash and other liquid assets		10,025.1	6,571.9
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		912.0	1,170.0
Placements		5,195.4	5,953.4
Trading securities		107.5	107.0
Investment securities	7	4,826.5	4,486.8
Loans and advances	8	11,409.1	10,489.7
Other assets		770.8	827.5
Total assets		33,246.4	29,606.3
LIABILITIES			
Deposits from banks		657.9	708.6
Deposits from customers		23,332.3	19,577.9
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase		368.0	175.2
Other liabilities		900.9	1,207.2
Senior term financing		4,896.9	4,924.9
Total liabilities		30,156.0	26,593.8
EQUITY			
Share capital		2,500.0	2,500.0
Reserves	9	425.5	379.2
Retained earnings		(783.2)	(807.4)
Equity attributable to the shareholders of the Bank		2,142.3	2,071.8
Non-controlling interest		948.1	940.7
Total equity		3,090.4	3,012.5
Total liabilities & equity		33,246.4	29,606.3

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 9th November 2021 and signed on its behalf by:-



Abdullah bin Hassan Alabdulgader
Chairman of the Board



Sultan bin Abdul Malek Al-Sheikh
Chairman of the Board Audit Committee



Abdulaziz A. Al-Helaissi
Group Chief Executive Officer

The notes on pages 6 to 18 form part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Income

	Note	Three months		Nine months	
		ended	ended	ended	ended
		30.9.21	30.9.20	30.9.21	30.9.20
		US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions
Interest income		107.1	106.1	308.7	403.4
Interest expense		42.8	48.4	128.4	228.7
Net interest income		64.3	57.7	180.3	174.7
Fee and commission income	3	15.4	14.3	48.7	41.0
Trading income / (loss)	5	8.5	7.4	28.6	(9.1)
Foreign exchange income	4	6.2	3.6	16.3	15.1
Other income	6	16.5	6.0	20.3	12.1
Total income		110.9	89.0	294.2	233.8
Staff expenses		46.3	37.9	125.4	117.5
Premises expenses		5.0	5.8	17.4	16.8
Other operating expenses		19.1	22.8	57.3	65.7
Total operating expenses		70.4	66.5	200.1	200.0
Net income before provisions and tax		40.5	22.5	94.1	33.8
Provision charge for loans and advances	8	(19.7)	(98.0)	(49.8)	(214.9)
Provision release for credit-related financial instruments	11	6.0	0.8	14.6	2.3
Provision (charge) / release for investment securities	7	(0.5)	2.5	(0.7)	2.6
Provision charge for placements		-	-	(0.2)	-
Net income / (loss) before tax		26.3	(72.2)	58.0	(176.2)
Taxation (charge) / reversal		(2.3)	(0.3)	(5.5)	1.6
Net income / (loss)		24.0	(72.5)	52.5	(174.6)
Attributable to:					
Shareholders of the Bank		21.2	(59.9)	38.9	(145.3)
Non-controlling interest		2.8	(12.6)	13.6	(29.3)
		24.0	(72.5)	52.5	(174.6)



Abdullah bin Hassan Alabdulgader
Chairman of the Board



Sultan bin Abdul Malek Al-Sheikh
Chairman of the Board Audit Committee



Abdulaziz A. Al-Helaisi
Group Chief Executive Officer

The notes on pages 6 to 18 form part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Three months		Nine months	
	ended	ended	ended	ended
	30.9.21	30.9.20	30.9.21	30.9.20
	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions
Net income / (loss)	24.0	(72.5)	52.5	(174.6)
Other comprehensive income:-				
Items that may subsequently be reclassified to consolidated statement of income:-				
Net changes in fair value of cash flow hedges	-	-	-	(0.1)
	-	-	-	(0.1)
Items that will not be reclassified to consolidated statement of income:-				
Net changes in fair value of equity				
investments classified as fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)	2.3	7.6	6.3	(3.5)
Remeasurement of defined benefit pension fund	2.0	(2.4)	26.8	(17.2)
Net changes in deferred tax reserves	(0.5)	-	(7.7)	0.4
	3.8	5.2	25.4	(20.3)
Total other comprehensive income / (loss)	3.8	5.2	25.4	(20.4)
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	27.8	(67.3)	77.9	(195.0)
Attributable to:				
Shareholders of the Bank	24.1	(70.8)	61.7	(164.0)
Non-controlling interest	3.7	3.5	16.2	(31.0)
	27.8	(67.3)	77.9	(195.0)

The notes on pages 6 to 18 form part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

Equity attributable to the shareholders of the Bank

	Share capital	Reserves	Retained earnings	Total	Non- controlling interest	Total
	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions
At 1st January 2021	2,500.0	379.2	(807.4)	2,071.8	940.7	3,012.5
Net income for the period	-	-	38.9	38.9	13.6	52.5
Other comprehensive gain for the period	-	22.8	-	22.8	2.6	25.4
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	22.8	38.9	61.7	16.2	77.9
Transfer to retained earnings	-	23.5	(14.7)	8.8	(8.8)	-
At 30th September 2021	2,500.0	425.5	(783.2)	2,142.3	948.1	3,090.4
At 1st January 2020	2,500.0	343.5	(547.6)	2,295.9	1,000.4	3,296.3
Net loss for the period	-	-	(145.3)	(145.3)	(29.3)	(174.6)
Other comprehensive loss for the period	-	(1.5)	(17.2)	(18.7)	(1.7)	(20.4)
Total comprehensive loss for the period	-	(1.5)	(162.5)	(164.0)	(31.0)	(195.0)
At 30th September 2020	2,500.0	342.0	(710.1)	2,131.9	969.4	3,101.3

The notes on pages 6 to 18 form part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

	Nine months ended 30.9.21 US\$ millions	Nine months ended 30.9.20 US\$ millions
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income / (loss) before tax	58.0	(176.2)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flow from operating activities:-		
Depreciation	18.8	21.4
Provision charge for loans and advances	49.8	214.9
Provision release for other contingent liabilities	(14.6)	(2.3)
Provision charge / (release) for investment securities	0.7	(2.6)
Provision charge for placements	0.2	-
Tax paid	(3.1)	(1.4)
Realised gains on debt investment securities	(0.6)	(2.2)
Amortisation of investment securities	9.7	5.3
Amortisation of senior term financing	0.5	0.5
Net increase in statutory deposits with central banks	(89.7)	(13.3)
Net decrease in securities purchased under agreements to resell	258.0	340.0
Net decrease / (increase) in placements	757.8	(35.8)
Net (increase) decrease in trading securities	(0.5)	25.6
Net increase in loans and advances	(969.2)	(440.9)
Increase / (decrease) in accrued interest receivable	(21.6)	86.2
Decrease / (increase) in accrued interest payable	7.6	(101.8)
Net increase in other assets	(311.3)	(593.3)
Net (decrease) / increase in other liabilities	(308.8)	406.5
Net decrease in deposits from banks	(50.7)	(179.7)
Net increase / (decrease) in deposits from customers	3,754.4	(1,739.5)
Net increase / (decrease) in securities sold under agreement to repurchase	192.8	(347.9)
Net cash inflow / (outflow) from operating activities	3,338.2	(2,536.5)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of investment securities	(766.2)	(471.5)
Maturity of investment securities	323.5	336.6
Net cash outflow from investing activities	(442.7)	(134.9)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Issuance of senior term financing	499.6	1,760.5
Maturity of senior term financing	(528.1)	(299.0)
Net cash (outflow) / inflow from financing activities	(28.5)	1,461.5
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,867.0	(1,209.9)
Net foreign exchange difference	496.5	226.2
Cash and cash equivalents at 1st January	6,265.0	7,796.6
Cash and cash equivalents at 30th September	9,628.5	6,812.9

Cash and cash equivalents at 30th September 2021 excludes statutory deposits amounting to US\$396.6 million (30th September 2020: US\$301.9 million).

The notes on pages 6 to 18 form part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine months ended 30th September 2021

1. Incorporation and registration

The parent company of the Group, Gulf International Bank B.S.C. ("the Bank"), is a Bahraini Shareholding Company incorporated in the Kingdom of Bahrain by Amiri Decree Law No. 30 dated 24th November 1975 and is registered as a conventional wholesale bank and a conventional retail bank with the Central Bank of Bahrain. The registered office of the Bank is located at Al-Dowali Building, 3 Palace Avenue, Manama, Kingdom of Bahrain.

The Bank and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), is principally engaged in the provision of wholesale commercial, asset management and investment banking services, and entered a niche segment within retail consumer banking. The Group operates through subsidiaries, branch offices and representative offices located in five countries worldwide. The total number of staff at 30th September 2021 was 1,149 (31st December 2020: 1,017).

2. Basis of preparation

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Bank have been prepared in accordance with applicable rules and regulations issued by the Central Bank of Bahrain ("CBB") including the recently issued CBB circulars on regulatory concessionary measures in response to COVID-19. These rules and regulations, in particular CBB circular OG/226/2020 dated 21st June 2020, require the adoption of all International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) (IFRS), except for:

- a) recognition of modification losses on financial assets arising from payment holidays provided to customers impacted by COVID-19 without charging additional interest, in equity instead of profit or loss as required by IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments'. Any other modification gain or loss on financial assets are recognised in accordance with the requirements of IFRS 9. Please refer note 2.2 for further details; and
- b) recognition of financial assistance received from the government and / or regulators in response to its COVID-19 support measures, and meeting the government grant requirements, in equity instead of profit or loss. This will only be to the extent of any modification loss recorded in equity as a result of (a) above, and the balance amount to be recognized in profit or loss. Any other financial assistance is recognized in accordance with the requirements of IAS 20. Please refer note 2.2 for further details.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Group have been presented in condensed form in accordance with the guidance provided by International Accounting Standard 34 - 'Interim Financial Reporting', using the IFRS as modified by CBB framework. Hence, the framework used in the preparation of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Group is hereinafter referred to as 'IAS 34 as modified by CBB'

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Group do not contain all information and disclosures required for the annual audited consolidated financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2020. Further, results for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 31st December 2021.

2.2 Novel Coronavirus ("COVID-19")

The outbreak of novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") since early 2020, its spread across mainland China and then globally caused disruptions to businesses and economic activities globally. This has impacted the global economic to slowdown with uncertainties in the economic environment. As a result, governments and central banks have responded with monetary and fiscal interventions to stabilize economic conditions.

The Group's management revisited its significant judgments in applying the Group's accounting policies and the methods of computation and the key sources of estimation applied to the annual financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2020.

Whilst it is challenging now, to predict the full extent and duration of its business and economic impact, the Group's management carried out an impact assessment on the overall Group's operations and business aspects including factors like supply chain, travel restrictions, oil prices, product demand, etc. and concluded that, as of the issuance date of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements, in view of the current uncertainty, any future change in the assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the assets or liabilities affected in the future periods.

The Group has evaluated the current situation through conducting stress testing scenarios on expected movements of oil prices and their impact on key credit, liquidity, operational, solvency and performance indicators, in addition to other risk management practices to manage the potential business disruption that the COVID-19 outbreak may have on its operations and financial performance. The Group's impact assessment resulted in the following changes to the expected credit loss methodology and valuation estimates and judgements as at and for the period ended 30th September 2021:

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine months ended 30th September 20212. **Basis of preparation** (continued)2.2 **Novel Coronavirus ("COVID-19")** (continued)- **Expected credit losses**

For the reporting period ended 30th September 2021, the Group uses various inputs and assumptions for the determination of expected credit losses ("ECLs") taking into consideration the uncertainties caused by COVID 19 and oil price volatility. The ECL forecast economic conditions have been consistently applied by the Group and are consistent with those of the previous year, although economic forecasts have improved during the period, however, the group is being prudent considering that the situation is evolving. The Group has considered the impact of higher volatility in the forward-looking macro-economic factors, when determining the severity and likelihood of economic scenarios for ECL determination.

This volatility has been reflected through adjustment in the methods of scenario construction and the underlying weightages assigned to these scenarios. The forward-looking factors used to derive the point-in-time (PIT) probability of default (PD) incorporate the following assumptions for the key markets of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and United Arab Emirates: real GDP growth between -1.2% to 0.9% ; and fiscal deficit as a percentage of GDP between -8.1% and -11.8% over the next 12 months for the period ended 30th September 2021 and year ended 31st December 2020. The Bank has assigned probabilities for the aforementioned macro-economic factors for the base case, negative case and positive case scenarios in the ratio of 50:25:25, respectively (31st December 2020: 50:25:25).

The Group also updated the relevant forward-looking information of the Group's international operations with respect to the weightings of the relevant macroeconomic scenarios relative to the economic climate of the respective market in which it operates.

In addition to the assumptions outlined above, the Group continues to closely monitor the potential repayment risk impact of COVID-19 on affected industry sectors. Given the evolving nature of the pandemic situation, As at 30th September 2021 the Group has recognised management overlays of US\$ 30.9 million.

- **Government grant - *GIB BSC***

During 2020, government assistance amounting to US\$ 1.3 million is recorded in the interim consolidated statement of income during the current period as the Bank had no modification losses booked in equity (in line with note 2). Therefore, the Group has not been impacted by the CBB circular OG/226/2020. The Group is in full compliance with IFRS with regards to recording the government assistance. The amount is recorded as a deduction from the related expenses. In addition and being a socially responsible organization, the Bank has contributed US\$ 1.2 million as donation to "Fina Khair" national campaign to support the individuals and business entities most affected by the crisis.

- **Government grant - *GIB KSA***

In order to compensate the related cost that the Group is expected to incur under the SAMA and other public authorities program, during the year 2020 and the nine month period ended 30th September 2021, the Group received profit free deposits from SAMA amounting to US\$ 241.6 million with varying maturities, which qualify as government grants. Management determined based on communication from SAMA that the government grant primarily relates to compensation for the modification loss incurred on the deferral of payments. The benefit of the subsidised funding rate has been accounted for on a systematic basis, in accordance with government grant accounting requirements. Management has exercised certain judgements in the recognition and measurement of this grant income. By the end of the year 2020, total income of US\$ 9.5 million had been recognised in the statement of income with the remaining amount deferred. Grant income amounting to US\$ 0.2 million arose on the profit free deposit amounting to US\$ 99.7 million received during the nine-month period ended 30th September 2021. During the nine months period ended 30th September 2021, a total of US\$ 1.2 million has been recognised in the statement of income with respect to related deposits with an aggregate of US\$ 3.6 million deferred grant income as at 30th September 2021.

- **Accounting for modified financing assets - *GIB KSA***

As part of the deferred payments program (DPP) launched by SAMA in March 2020 and with further extensions to the program subsequently announced, the Group deferred payments on lending facilities to Micro Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME). The payment reliefs were considered as short-term liquidity support to address borrowers' potential cash flow shortages. The Group implemented the payment reliefs by deferring instalments falling due from 14 March 2020 to 30 June 2021 amounting to US\$ 0.6 billion and extended the tenure of the applicable loans at no additional costs to the customer.

Further to the above, SAMA on 22nd June 2021 announced the extension of the DPP for three additional months from 1st July 2021 to 30th September 2021, only for those MSMEs that were still affected by the COVID-19 precautionary measures and in line with guidance issued by SAMA in this regard. On 29th September 2021, for these effected MSME customers, a further extension of three additional months was announced by SAMA i.e., for the installment falling due from 1st October 2021 to 31st December 2021. The Group performed an assessment to determine the pool of customers eligible for continued deferment and accordingly deferred the installment falling due from 31st July 2021 to 31st December 2021 amounting to US\$ 50.5 million and extended the tenure of the applicable loans at no additional costs to the customer. This resulted in the Group recognizing an additional modification loss of US\$ 0.7 million during the period 30th September 2021. As at 30th September 2021, 5 clients have been enrolled by the Bank for deferral of payments over periods ranging from 3-15 months. Aggregate of installment amounts being deferred is US\$ 19.0 million, which amounts to around 0.2% of the gross exposure.

The accounting impact of the above changes in terms of the credit facilities were assessed and treated as per the requirements of IFRS 9 as modification in terms of arrangement. This resulted in total modification losses amounting to US\$ 2.0 million for the nine-month period ended 30th September 2021.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTSFor the nine months ended 30th September 2021**2. Basis of preparation (continued)****2.3 Basis of consolidation**

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Gulf International Bank B.S.C. and its subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are companies and other entities, including special purpose entities, which the Bank controls. The Bank controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The subsidiary's accounts are derecognised from the consolidated financial statements from the point when the control ceases. All intercompany balances and transactions, including unrealised gains and losses on transactions between Group companies, have been eliminated.

2.4 Accounting policies

The accounting policies have been consistently applied by the Group and are consistent with those of the previous year, as set out in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2020, except for the adoption of applicable new accounting standards with effect from 1st January 2021 as referred to below and the changes noted in 2.1 basis of preparation.

- Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2: Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16

These amendments had no impact on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Group.

3. Fee and commission income

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	30.9.21	30.9.20	30.9.21	30.9.20
	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions
Fee and commission income				
Commissions on letters of credit and guarantee	6.6	7.2	21.7	21.5
Investment banking and management fees	4.5	5.4	15.9	12.8
Loan commitment fees	2.0	1.2	5.6	3.9
Retail Banking fees	1.0	0.3	2.6	1.5
Loan agency and distribution fees	1.0	0.2	1.7	1.2
Other fee and commission income	1.3	0.7	4.0	2.2
Total fee and commission income	16.4	15.0	51.5	43.1
Fee and commission expense	(1.0)	(0.7)	(2.8)	(2.1)
Net fee and commission income	15.4	14.3	48.7	41.0

Investment banking and management fees comprise fees relating to the provision of investment management and financial services, including asset and fund management, underwriting activities, and services relating to structured financing, privatisations, initial public offerings, and mergers and acquisitions.

Fee and commission expense principally comprises security custody fees and bank charges and commissions.

4. Foreign exchange income

Foreign exchange income principally comprises customer-initiated foreign exchange contracts which have been offset in the market with matching contracts. There is no remaining market risk associated with these offset customer-related foreign exchange contracts.

Foreign exchange includes spot and forward foreign exchange contracts, and currency futures and options.

5. Trading income / (loss)

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	30.9.21	30.9.20	30.9.21	30.9.20
	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions
Equity securities	6.9	8.8	21.6	(3.0)
Interest rate derivatives	1.0	(2.1)	4.5	2.8
Commodity options	1.0	0.1	3.6	0.8
Managed funds	(0.4)	0.6	(1.1)	(9.7)
	8.5	7.4	28.6	(9.1)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTSFor the nine months ended 30th September 2021**5. Trading income / (loss) (continued)**

Trading income comprises gains and losses arising both on the purchase and sale, and from changes in the fair value, of trading instruments, together with the related interest income, interest expense and dividend income. Trading income accordingly incorporates all income and expenses related to the Group's trading activities.

Interest rate derivative and commodity option income principally comprises customer-initiated contracts which have been offset in the market with matching contracts. There is no remaining market risk associated with these contracts.

6. Other income

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	30.9.21	30.9.20	30.9.21	30.9.20
	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions
Recoveries on previously written off assets	15.7	5.1	17.6	5.8
Dividends on equity investments classified as FVTOCI	0.8	0.8	3.2	3.5
Net realised gains on investment debt securities	-	-	0.6	2.2
Sundry (loss) / income	-	0.1	(1.1)	0.6
	16.5	6.0	20.3	12.1

Recoveries on previously written off assets comprise recoveries on assets that had previously been either written off or transferred to the memorandum records.

Sundry loss for the period ended 30th September 2021 principally comprised a US\$1.3 million loss realised on the sale of a loan which was partially offset by other revenue. The loan was classified as stage 1 for ECL provisioning purposes.

7. Investment securities**7.1 Composition**

The credit rating profile of investment securities, based on the lowest rating assigned by the major international rating agencies, was as follows:-

	30.9.21		31.12.20	
	US\$ millions	%	US\$ millions	%
AAA to A- / Aaa to A3	4,148.2	87.7	3,652.7	84.3
BBB+ to BBB- / Baa1 to Baa3	251.5	5.3	338.8	7.8
BB+ to B+ / Ba1 to B1	328.7	7.0	341.5	7.9
Total debt securities	4,728.4	100.0	4,333.0	100.0
Equity investments	98.1		153.8	
	4,826.5		4,486.8	

Investment securities principally comprised investment-grade rated debt securities issued by major international financial institutions and government-related entities.

Investment securities rated BB+ to B+ / Ba1 to B1 at 30th September 2021 and 31st December 2020 principally comprised GCC sovereign debt securities.

Debt securities are classified as investment securities at amortised cost and equity investments are classified as FVTOCI.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine months ended 30th September 20217. Investment securities (continued)

7.2 Provisions for expected credit losses

The movements in the provisions for expected credit losses of investment securities were as follows:-

	30 th September 2021				30 th September 2020			
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions
At 1 st January	2.4	-	-	2.4	3.6	0.7	-	4.3
Net remeasurement of ECL allowance	0.7	-	-	0.7	(1.9)	(0.7)	-	(2.6)
At 30 th September	3.1	-	-	3.1	1.7	-	-	1.7

The stage 1 and stage 2 provisions reflect the probability-weighted estimate of expected credit losses. The provisions comprise both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and taking into consideration both internal and external indicators and including forward-looking information.

8. Loans and advances

8.1 Composition

	30.9.21	31.12.20
	US\$ millions	US\$ millions
Gross loans and advances	11,740.3	10,771.3
Provisions for expected credit losses	(331.2)	(281.6)
Net loans and advances	11,409.1	10,489.7

	30 th September 2021				31 st December 2020			
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions
Gross loans and advances	10,122.7	1,237.6	380.0	11,740.3	9,247.7	1,160.1	363.5	10,771.3
ECL allowances	(65.6)	(57.6)	(208.0)	(331.2)	(59.3)	(40.0)	(182.3)	(281.6)
Net loans and advances	10,057.1	1,180.0	172.0	11,409.1	9,188.4	1,120.1	181.2	10,489.7

8.2 Provisions for expected credit losses

The stage 1 and stage 2 provisions reflect the probability-weighted estimate of expected credit losses under IFRS 9. The provisions comprise both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and taking into consideration both internal and external indicators and includes forward-looking information.

Stage 3 provisions reflect credit-impaired provisions based on the difference between the net carrying amount and the recoverable amount of the loan.

The movements in the provisions for expected credit losses during the periods ended 30th September 2021 and 30th September 2020 are as follows:

	30 th September 2021				30 th September 2020			
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions
At 1 st January	59.4	40.0	182.2	281.6	30.9	93.7	241.9	366.5
Transfer to stage 1	-	-	-	-	0.3	(0.3)	-	-
Transfer to stage 2	(2.3)	2.3	-	-	(2.0)	2.0	-	-
Transfer to stage 3	-	(1.9)	1.9	-	(0.5)	(75.1)	75.6	-
Amounts utilised	-	-	(0.6)	(0.6)	-	-	(0.3)	(0.3)
Exchange rate movements	-	-	0.4	0.4	-	-	(0.2)	(0.2)
Net remeasurement of ECL allowance	8.5	17.2	24.1	49.8	34.1	23.5	157.3	214.9
At 30 th September	65.6	57.6	208.0	331.2	62.8	43.8	474.3	580.9

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine months ended 30th September 20219. Reserves

	Share premium US\$ millions	Compulsory reserve US\$ millions	Voluntary reserve US\$ millions	Cash flow hedge reserve US\$ millions	Investment securities revaluation reserve US\$ millions	Defined pension reserve US\$ millions	Deferred tax and other reserve US\$ millions	Total US\$ millions
At 1st January 2021	7.6	230.6	168.1	-	(33.8)	7.9	(1.2)	379.2
Net fair value gains on equity investments classified as FVTOCI	-	-	-	-	3.7	-	-	3.7
Transfers to retained earnings	-	-	-	-	23.5	-	-	23.5
Movement during the period	-	-	-	-	-	26.8	(7.7)	19.1
Net increase	-	-	-	-	27.2	26.8	(7.7)	46.3
At 30th September 2021	7.6	230.6	168.1	-	(6.6)	34.7	(8.9)	425.5
At 1 st January 2020	7.6	230.6	168.1	0.1	(62.9)	-	-	343.5
Net fair value losses on cash flow hedges	-	-	-	(0.1)	-	-	-	(0.1)
Net fair value losses on on equity investments classified as FVTOCI	-	-	-	-	(1.8)	-	-	(1.8)
Movement during the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	0.4
Net decrease	-	-	-	(0.1)	(1.8)	-	0.4	(1.5)
At 30 th September 2020	7.6	230.6	168.1	-	(64.7)	-	0.4	342.0

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine months ended 30th September 202110. Derivatives and foreign exchange instruments

The notional amounts of derivatives and foreign exchange instruments were as follows:-

	Trading	Hedging	30.9.21 Total	31.12.20 Total
	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions	US\$ millions
Foreign exchange contracts:-				
Unmatured spot, forward and futures contracts	8,159.1	-	8,159.1	4,200.0
Options purchased	38.1	-	38.1	25.8
Options written	38.1	-	38.1	25.8
	8,235.3	-	8,235.3	4,251.6
Interest rate contracts:-				
Interest rate swaps	9,265.1	6,576.5	15,841.6	18,811.1
Cross currency swaps	69.0	-	69.0	81.1
Futures	-	-	-	27.4
Options, caps and floors purchased	2,675.8	-	2,675.8	2,148.7
Options, caps and floors written	2,675.8	-	2,675.8	2,148.7
	14,685.7	6,576.5	21,262.2	23,217.0
Equity and commodity contracts:-				
Options and swaps purchased	-	-	-	200.8
Options and swaps written	-	-	-	200.8
	-	-	-	401.6
	22,921.0	6,576.5	29,497.5	27,870.2

There is no credit risk in respect of options written as they represent obligations of the Group.

At 30th September 2021, the Value-at-Risk of the foreign exchange, interest rate, equity and commodity trading contracts analysed in the table above was US\$0.6 million, US\$0.1 million and US\$0.1 million respectively (31st December 2020: US\$0.3 million, US\$0.1 million and US\$0.1 million respectively). Value-at-Risk is a measure of market risk exposure and represents an estimate, with a 99 per cent level of confidence, of the potential loss that might arise if the positions were to be held unchanged for ten consecutive business days. The estimate is based on a twelve month historical observation period of unweighted data from the DataMetrics data set.

11. Credit-related financial instruments11.1 Composition

	30.9.21 Notional principal amount	31.12.20 Notional principal amount
	US\$ millions	US\$ millions
Direct credit substitutes	606.0	609.5
Transaction-related contingent items	2,587.5	2,263.2
Short-term self-liquidating trade-related contingent items	598.4	538.4
Commitments, including undrawn loan commitments and underwriting commitments under note issuance and revolving facilities	2,417.8	1,757.3
	6,209.7	5,168.4

The notional principal amounts reported above are stated gross before applying credit risk mitigants, such as cash collateral, guarantees and counter-indemnities. At 30th September 2021, the Group held cash collateral, guarantees, counter-indemnities or other high quality collateral in relation to credit-related contingent items amounting to US\$387.2 million (31st December 2020: US\$378.2 million).

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine months ended 30th September 202111. Credit-related financial instruments (continued)

11.2 Provisions for expected credit losses

	30 th September 2021				30 th September 2020			
	Stage 1 US\$ millions	Stage 2 US\$ millions	Stage 3 US\$ millions	Total US\$ millions	Stage 1 US\$ millions	Stage 2 US\$ millions	Stage 3 US\$ millions	Total US\$ millions
At 1 st January	5.3	3.0	47.9	56.2	3.2	3.4	46.5	53.1
Transfer to stage 1	0.1	(0.1)	-	-	0.2	(0.2)	-	-
Transfer to stage 2	(0.1)	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to stage 3	-	-	-	-	(0.1)	-	0.1	-
Exchange rate movements	-	-	(0.2)	(0.2)	-	-	-	-
Net remeasurement of ECL allowance	0.3	(0.1)	(14.8)	(14.6)	1.4	(0.6)	(3.1)	(2.3)
At 30 th September	5.6	2.9	32.9	41.4	4.7	2.6	43.5	50.8

12. Fair value of financial instruments

The Group's financial instruments are accounted for under the historical cost method with the exception of trading securities, equity investment securities and derivative financial instruments, which are accounted for at fair value. The fair value represents the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Differences therefore can arise between book values under the historical cost method and fair value estimates. Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Group is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operation or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms. Generally accepted methods of determining fair value include reference to quoted prices (level 1 measurement) or to the pricing prevailing for similar financial instruments (level 2 measurement) and the use of unobservable inputs in estimation techniques such as discounted cash flow analysis (level 3 measurement).

The valuation methodologies applied are outlined below.

12.1 Trading securities

The fair values of trading securities are based on quoted prices (level 1) or valuation techniques (level 2 or 3).

12.2 Investment securities

The fair values of equity investment securities are based on quoted prices (level 1) or valuation techniques (level 2 or 3). The fair values of debt investment securities are based on quoted market prices (level 1) and approximate the carrying values.

12.3 Loans and advances

The fair values (level 2) of loans on a floating interest rate basis are principally estimated at book value. The fair values (level 3) of impaired loans are estimated at the recoverable amount, measured as the present value of expected future cash flows discounted based on the interest rate at the inception of the loan. The fair values of fixed rate loans are estimated on a discounted cash flow basis utilising discount rates equal to prevailing market rates of interest in the respective currencies for loans of similar residual maturity and credit quality. The fair values (level 2) approximate the carrying values.

12.4 Term financing

The fair value of term financing is based on observable market data, including quoted market prices for debt instruments issued by similarly rated financial institutions and with similar maturities, or estimated on a discounted cash flow basis utilising currently prevailing spreads for borrowings with similar maturities. The fair values (level 2) of senior term financing at 30th September 2021 approximate the carrying values.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine months ended 30th September 202112. Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

12.5 Other on-balance sheet items

The fair values of foreign exchange and derivative financial instruments are based on market prices, discounted cash flow techniques or option pricing models as appropriate. The fair values of all other on-balance sheet assets and liabilities approximate their respective book values due to their short-term nature.

12.6 Credit-related contingent items

There was no material fair value excess or shortfall in respect of credit-related off-balance sheet financial instruments, which include commitments to extend credit, standby letters of credit and guarantees, as the related future income streams reflected contractual fees and commissions actually charged at the balance sheet date for agreements of similar credit standing and maturity. Impairment provisions made in respect of individual transactions where a potential for loss has been identified are included in provisions for the impairment of other liabilities.

12.7 Valuation basis

The valuation basis for financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value was as follows:-

	Quoted prices (level 1) US\$ millions	Valuation based on observable market data (level 2) US\$ millions	Other valuation techniques (level 3) US\$ millions
At 30th September 2021			
Financial assets:			
Trading securities	107.4	0.1	-
Investment securities - equities	78.7	-	19.4
Derivative financial instruments	-	301.6	-
Financial liabilities:			
Derivative financial instruments	-	404.0	-
At 31st December 2020			
Financial assets:			
Trading securities	106.9	0.1	-
Investment securities - equities	130.4	-	23.4
Derivative financial instruments	-	409.1	-
Financial liabilities:			
Derivative financial instruments	-	636.9	-

Quoted prices include prices obtained from lead managers, brokers and dealers. Investment securities valued based on other valuation techniques comprise private equity investments that have been valued based on price / earnings and price / book ratios for similar entities, discounted cash flow techniques or other valuation methodologies.

No transfers out of the level 3 measurement classification occurred during the period ended 30th September 2021. Similarly, no transfers between level 1 and level 2 measurement classifications were made during the period ended 30th September 2021.

Sensitivity of the movement in the fair value of financial instruments in the level 3 category is assessed as not significant to other comprehensive income or total equity.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTSFor the nine months ended 30th September 2021**12. Fair value of financial instruments (continued)****12.7 Valuation basis (continued)**

The movements in the level 3 category is as follows:

	<u>30.9.21</u> US\$ millions	<u>31.12.20</u> US\$ millions
At 1 st January	23.4	46.7
Purchases	0.9	-
Sales	(3.0)	(1.3)
Transfer into level 3	-	3.8
Transfer from level 3	-	(22.0)
Fair value movement	(1.9)	(3.8)
	<u>19.4</u>	<u>23.4</u>

13. Segmental information

For financial reporting purposes, the Group is organised into four main operating segments:-

- Wholesale banking: the provision of wholesale commercial financing and other credit facilities for corporate and institutional customers.
- Treasury: the provision of a broad range of treasury and capital market products and services to corporate and financial institution clients, money market, proprietary investment and trading activities and the management of the Group's balance sheet, including funding.
- Asset management and investment banking: the provision of asset and fund management services, and of financial advisory services relating to structured financing, privatisations, initial public offerings, and mergers and acquisitions.
- Head office and support units: income arising on the investment of the Group's net free capital funds and expenses incurred by support units, including the investment in the retail banking strategy prior to the launch of all planned retail banking products and services.

The results reported for the business segments are based on the Group's internal financial reporting systems, which report interest revenue and interest expense on a net basis. The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those applied in the preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements. Transactions between business segments are conducted on normal commercial terms and conditions. Transfer pricing between the business units is based on the market cost of funds.

Segment results, assets and liabilities comprise items directly attributable to the business segments. Liabilities reported for head office and support units comprise senior and subordinated term finance facilities and related accrued interest, the cost of which is recharged to the relevant operating business segments.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine months ended 30th September 202113. Segmental information (continued)

The business segment analysis is as follows:-

	Wholesale banking US\$ millions	Treasury US\$ millions	Asset management and investment banking US\$ millions	Head office and support units US\$ millions	Total US\$ millions
Nine months ended 30th September 2021					
Net interest income	120.1	45.0	-	15.2	180.3
Total income	167.7	69.0	19.8	37.7	294.2
Segment result	107.5	58.8	4.6	(112.9)	58.0
Taxation charge					(5.5)
Net income after tax					52.5
Nine months ended 30th September 2020					
Net interest income	90.8	44.5	-	39.4	174.7
Total income	124.0	59.7	5.0	45.1	233.8
Segment result	(130.8)	51.0	(9.1)	(87.3)	(176.2)
Taxation reversal					1.6
Net loss after tax					(174.6)
At 30th September 2021					
Segment assets	11,345.3	21,194.7	69.2	637.2	33,246.4
Segment liabilities	8,014.0	16,080.2	-	6,061.8	30,156.0
Total equity					3,090.4
Total liabilities and equity					33,246.4
At 31st December 2020					
Segment assets	10,465.5	18,427.8	50.5	662.5	29,606.3
Segment liabilities	4,398.2	15,949.3	-	6,246.3	26,593.8
Total equity					3,012.5
Total liabilities and equity					29,606.3

14. Related party transactions

The Group is owned by the six Gulf Cooperative Council (GCC) governments, with the Public Investment Fund holding a majority (97.2 per cent) controlling stake. The Public Investment Fund is an investment body of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. At 30th September 2021, the Group reported deposits and their related interest expense of US\$1,709.7 million and US\$5.8 million respectively (2020: US\$1,864.3 million and US\$10.8 million respectively).

The Group transacts with various entities controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by the six GCC governments, these transactions are conducted in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

The Group's other related party transactions are limited to the compensation of its directors and executive officers.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTSFor the nine months ended 30th September 2021**14. Related party transactions (continued)**

The Group enters into transactions with major shareholders, senior management and companies which are controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by such parties in the ordinary course of business at arm's length. All the loans and advances to related parties are performing and are subject to ECL assessments.

The income, expense and the period end balances in respect of related parties included in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements were as follows:

	<u>30.9.21</u>	<u>31.12.20</u>
	US\$ millions	US\$ millions
<i>Statement of financial position</i>		
Cash and other liquid assets	18.9	300.6
Placements	1,590.9	2,486.0
Investment securities	817.0	1,494.0
Loans and advances	766.4	818.3
Other assets	108.4	158.8
Deposits	6,038.8	2,969.7
Other liabilities	158.4	54.8
Senior term financing	1,396.6	1,569.3
Credit-related contingent items	1,591.7	935.4
	<u>30.9.21</u>	<u>30.9.20</u>
	US\$ millions	US\$ millions
<i>Statement of income</i>		
Net interest (expense) / income	(13.6)	40.5
Net fee and commission income	0.8	2.7
Other (expense) / income	(0.2)	11.4

15. Liquidity and capital adequacy ratios

The Group is also required to comply with Basel 3 liquidity ratio requirements as stipulated by its lead regulator, the Central Bank of Bahrain (CBB), which became effective during 2019. These requirements relate to maintaining a minimum 100% liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) and net stable funding ratio (NSFR) which was revised down to 80% until 31st December 2021. The LCR is calculated as a ratio of the stock of High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) to the net outflows over the next 30 calendar days. The NSFR is calculated as a ratio of 'available stable funding' to 'required stable funding'. At 30th September 2021, the Group's LCR and NSFR were 140.7% and 144.6% respectively, (31st December 2020: 155.2% and 156.0% respectively). The Group's total capital adequacy as of 30th September 2021 is 16.3% (31st December 2020: 17.2%).

16. Subsequent events

The outbreak of Novel Coronavirus (COVID 19) continues to progress and evolve. The extent and duration of its business and economic impacts remain uncertain and dependent on future developments that cannot be accurately predicted at this time, such as the transmission rate of the coronavirus and the extent and effectiveness of containment actions taken. Given the ongoing economic uncertainty, a reliable estimate of the impact cannot be made at the date of authorisation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements. These developments could impact our future consolidated financial results, valuations, cash flows and financial condition.

17. Comparatives

The below comparatives have been reclassified in order to conform with the presentation for the current year. Such reclassifications do not affect previously reported profit for the year and total equity of the Group.

	Previously reported <u>31.12.20</u> US\$ millions	Reclassified <u>31.12.20</u> US\$ millions	Reclassified <u>1.1.20</u> US\$ millions
Statement of financial position			
Loans and advances (note 8)	10,433.5	10,489.7	9,929.2
Total assets	29,550.1	29,606.3	30,294.8
Other liabilities	1,151.0	1,207.2	820.4
Total liabilities	26,537.6	26,593.8	26,998.5

SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED/UNREVIEWED)

The Coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak was declared a pandemic in early March by the World Health Organization (WHO) and has evolved globally. This has resulted in uncertainties and global economic slowdown. This disruption has negatively impacted capital markets, restricted credit markets and increased liquidity concerns. Various measures have been taken by Authorities to contain the spread of COVID-19 including internal quarantine measures to restrict travel. The pandemic and the related measures had some impact on the Group. The Group has activated its business continuity plan, including enabling 50% to 70% of its workforce to work from home using the Group's agile technology infrastructure. The Group's operations has not witnessed any business interruption throughout the pandemic. The Group has also revised its risk management practices to contain the potential business disruption on its operations and financial performance.

The regulators where GIB Group operates, including the Central Bank of Bahrain (CBB), Saudi Central Bank (SAMA) and the Central Bank of UAE (CBUAE), have announced various measures to combat the effects of COVID-19 to ease liquidity conditions and stimulate the economy.

Loans and advances

The Group has implemented various loan modification programs and other forms of support to its customers, including offering loan payment deferrals. As at 30th September 2021, 5 clients have been enrolled by the Bank for deferral of payments over periods ranging from 3-15 months. Aggregate of installment amounts being deferred is US\$ 19.0 million, which amounts to around 0.2% of the gross exposure. More information on the accounting for loan modifications is available in Note 2.2 - Novel Coronavirus ("Covid-19").

Investment securities

The Group maintains a US\$4,826.5 million portfolio of investment securities, of which 98.0% are held at amortised cost. The majority (93.0%) of the debt securities portfolio are investment grade and above, with 87.7% rated A- or higher. There has been no defaults within the portfolio in the past 9 months and all repayments have been received on schedule.

Liquidity and Capital Adequacy

The Group has elevated its long-term liquidity levels to pre-empt potential liquidity stress events that could occur as a result of the COVID19. As at 30th September 2021, cash and liquid assets, placements and securities purchased under agreements to resell comprised 48.5% of total assets. The Group's LCR and NSFR ratios were 140.7% and 144.6% respectively compared to the set minimum ratio of 100% as stipulated by the CBB for both, which was revised down to 80% until 31st December 2021.

The Group continues to meet the regulatory requirement of CAR, LCR and NSFR.

The Group's total capital adequacy as of 30th September 2021 is 16.3% (31st December 2020:17.2%).The Group maintains a healthy capital adequacy compared to the set minimum ratio of 12.5% as stipulated by the CBB.

Performance

Although the Group's financial performance has been impacted by the global COVID-19 pandemic. Year-on-year increases were recorded in net interest income (2021: \$180.3 million, 2020: \$174.7 million) representing an increase of 3.2% in net interest income. This increase is attributable to higher interest margins and lower interest expense. The Group has also further augmented its provisions by booking US\$ 36.1 million during the period compared to US\$ 210.0 million in the prior year.

The Group has incurred an additional US\$ 0.3 million (2020: US\$ 2.0 million) of exceptional expenses in support of its operation during the COVID-19 pandemic.

A summary of the financial impact of the regulatory measures at the Group is as follows

	Net impact on the Group's consolidated income statement US\$ millions	Net impact on the Group's consolidated financial position US\$ millions	Net impact on the Group's consolidated owners' equity US\$ millions
Modification loss at GIB KSA	(2.0)	(2.0)	-
Government grants at GIB KSA	2.0	2.0	-
ECL attributable to COVID-19	(25.5)	(25.5)	-
	<u>(25.5)</u>	<u>(25.5)</u>	<u>-</u>

The above supplementary information is provided to comply with the CBB circular number OG/259/2020 (Reporting of Financial Impact of COVID-19), dated 14th July 2020. This information should not be considered as an indication of the annual financial performance or relied upon for any other purposes. Given the uncertainty of the COVID-19 as highlighted at the beginning of this supplementary disclosure, the above impact reflects the current situation. Change in circumstances will render the above information being out-of-date.

This information does not represent a full comprehensive assessment of COVID-19 impact on the Group and has not been subject to a formal review by the external auditors.