

Weekly Market Summary

September 14th, 2018

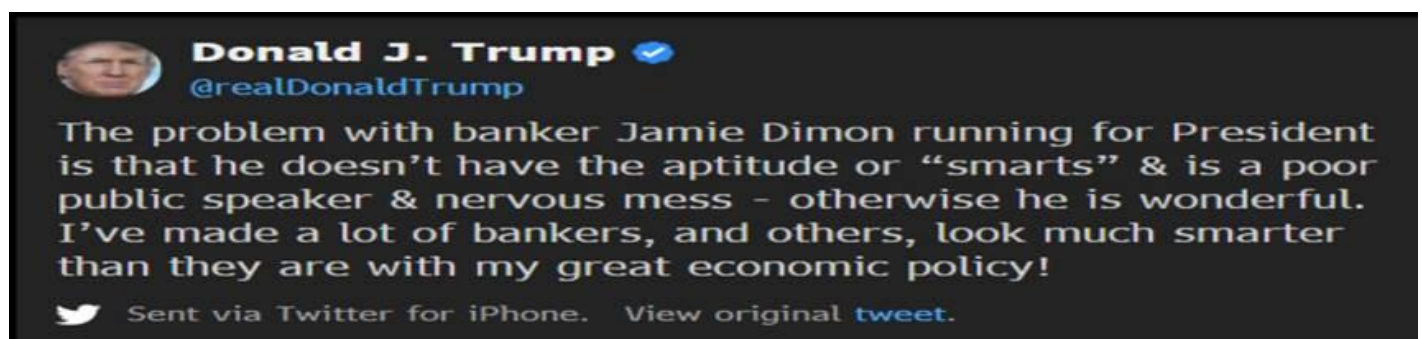
Does Jamie Dimon Really Enjoy Making Headline News?! You Bet!!

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A month back, JPMorgan's Chairman and CEO Jamie Dimon made headline news when he suggested – during a speech at the Aspen Institute's 25th Annual Summer Celebration Gala – that 5.0% was a distinct possibility for 10-year UST yields. *"I think rates should be 4.0% today, and you better be prepared to deal with rates at 5.0% or higher - it's a higher probability than most people think"* Dimon said. Prior to that – and as noted in a summary report sent to our valuable clients in early August - Jamie Dimon labelled Bitcoin *"a fraud"* in late 2017 and said it will soon blow up, before retracting few months later – declaring that he regrets making the previous *"fraud"* comment, whilst also adding that the block chain technology behind bitcoin is real and valid!

So imagine my surprise (NOT!) this week when the same Jamie Dimon made off-the-cuff remarks at an event that was supposed to spotlight JP Morgan Bank's philanthropy, saying he is not running for president but wants everyone to know that - if he did - he could defeat incumbent President Donald Trump. *"I think I could beat Trump"* in an election, the Wall Street Icon said last Wednesday morning, according to a Bloomberg report. *"I'm as tough as he is, I'm smarter than he is."* He added: *"And by the way, this wealthy New Yorker actually earned his money. It wasn't a gift from daddy."* However, as he had done previously after similar grand claims, Dimon walked back his earlier comments, saying that *"I should not have said it. I'm not running for president. Proves I wouldn't make a good politician. I get frustrated because I want all sides to come together to help solve big problems."* Dimon, incidentally, was a member of Trump's strategy and policy forum prior to its disbanding, and he has praised the business-friendly tax cuts that the president signed into law last year.

Trump for his part, was not amused by Dimon's claims, writing the following on Twitter:



Moving to real and more relevant economic news, the main theme overnight was a relief "risk-on" rally in financial markets, as investors were bolstered by the planned trade talks between China and US. The spokesman for China's Commerce Ministry said yesterday that China received the invitation for trade talks and both sides are working on the details of the talk (even as president Trump boasted ahead of the meeting that the US has the upper hand in the burgeoning trade war and feels *"no pressure"* to resolve the current feud!). Positive developments were also witnessed in Turkey, where the Turkish central bank hiked the benchmark policy rate by 625 bps (6.25%!!) to 24%, higher than the expected hike of 325 bps - and in defiance of a call by President Recep Tayyip Erdogan just hours earlier to lower borrowing costs (what is this guy smoking? Elon Musk might possibly have the answer! 😊).

Meanwhile, the European central bank (“ECB”) confirmed – during its meeting yesterday afternoon - that it is on track to halve the volume of monthly bond purchases at the beginning of October to € 15 billion euros. The ECB continues to “anticipate” the conclusion of its Quantitative Easing program (“QE”) by 2018 year-end. At his press conference after the Governing Council’s policy gathering, President Mario Draghi was asked about how the central bank will reinvest maturing bonds next year, but apparently, the topic did not feature heavily. *“Frankly, we haven’t discussed, and we haven’t – as I said last time – we haven’t even discussed when we are going to discuss it.”* (No urgency Super Mario! The European bond market bubble burst will most likely be a 2019 story, so still ample time to prepare for that one ☺). With little insight into asset purchases, Draghi was also asked about interest-rate hikes and how the ECB might respond to a slowdown in either growth or inflation. *“Both questions might be in principle very interesting questions but we haven’t discussed that. I’m pretty sure there will be a time when we will have to discuss these questions, but it’s premature.”* So the gathered press moved beyond the euro area, and to the issue of U.S. fiscal policy. Take a guess on that one? Right! Again not discussed in details, though at least there was some analysis on that one ☺! *“We didn’t discuss that to any extent other than saying two things that I can remember of our very short discussion. This fiscal expansion is pro-cyclical. There are dangers that its effects could wane in 2020. The risk there is of an increase in interest rates accompanied by a weakening of economic activity. That’s the only point that was briefly discussed in the various presentations that were made about the state of the world economy.”*

With little meaningful high-level political and economic discussions currently taking place, all eyes remain on ongoing military developments and humanitarian crisis in Syria, Yemen and Libya. As another US guided missile destroyer reaches the Mediterranean sea, the US may soon have 200 ‘Tomahawks’ ready for a strike on Syria (Russia continues to warn that “terrorist” groups in Idlib – including the self-proclaimed civil defence group White Helmets - are planning a fake chemical attack). Last week, the attack submarine USS Newport News (SSN-750) arrived in the Mediterranean as well, whilst Russian troops were busy conducting massive naval manoeuvres off the Syrian coast that culminated in marine landing drills and missile launches. It is not entirely clear why the US believes the Syrian president would deliberately provoke Western airstrikes on Syrian forces - by giving his forces the order to conduct chemical attacks on civilians in Idlib - when they are on a winning streak in their war with the opposing factions (?!), but it does seem apparent that Washington intends to prevent Syria from regaining sovereignty over Idlib. In Yemen, a crisis that began seven years back - when president Ali Saleh left office as part of a mediated agreement between the Yemeni government and opposition Houthi groups - has lately turned into a major humanitarian nightmare with Meritxell Relano, the UNICEF Representative in the country, telling Reuters *“the conflict has made Yemen a living hell for its children”*, with more than 11 million children - or about 80% of the country’s population under the age of 18 - facing the threat of food shortages, diseases, displacement and acute lack of access to basic social services. As to the latest news emerging from Libya, investors have lately learned that Tripoli’s international airport has been closed and flights re-routed after a series of overnight rocket attacks rendered all but meaningless a ceasefire announced by the United Nations days earlier. The incidents came a little more than a day after Islamic State militants attacked the headquarters of the National Oil Corp. in Tripoli (also declaring that the nation’s oil fields are a “legitimate target”). The capital, which is notionally run by the internationally-recognized government of Prime Minister Fayez al-Sarraj, has become the arena for the latest burst of fighting to convulse Libya since the 2011 ouster and killing of Muammar al-Qaddafi. Clashes there over the past few weeks have left more than 60 people dead and about 100 others wounded.

The “New Middle East” project - introduced publicly to the world in June 2006 in Tel Aviv by US Secretary of State Condoleezza Rice – has so far unleashed the forces of chaos and violence throughout various states in the region, without allowing the big powers to redraw the Middle-East map in accordance with their geo-strategic needs and objectives. One would surely assume that the time has come to start implementing peaceful, secure and longer-lasting solutions instead !

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